

Public Accountability Meeting Offender Management Unit

23rd January 2018



Areas of Discussion



- Offender Management Structure overview
- Public Protection Officers

- Integrated Offender Management (IOM)
- Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA)
- Further offending
- Next Steps

Overview of structure



- Difference between Integrated Offender Management (IOM) and multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA)
- National and local context
- Changes within North Yorkshire Police

Public Protection Officers





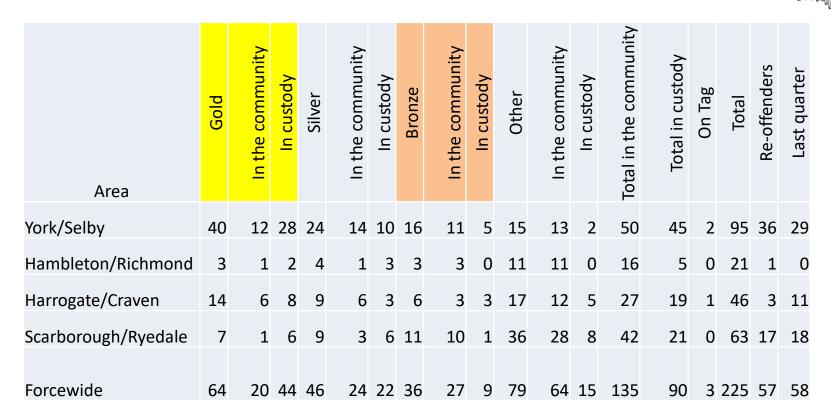
Integrated Offender Management



- The IOM model in North Yorkshire brings a cross agency response to the most persistent and problematic offenders identified jointly by partner agencies working together.
- Screening, Scoring and Nomination which offence based and not risk based
- Partners involved in the management of IOM nominals.
- How they are managed.
- Incentives

Overall rates of recidivism

Extract of performance data:



Multi-Agency Public Protection Arrangement



- What is MAPPA
- Levels of management
- Who manages MAPPA subjects

- York and Selby 465
- Scarborough 232
- Harrogate 365
- Violent offenders 203
- total of 1062



Partner Agencies



MAPPA Responsible Authority:

- Prisons and Young Offender Institutions
- Police
- National Probation Service

MAPPA duty to co-operate

- Children's Services
- Adult Social Services
- Health Trusts and Authorities
- Youth Offending Teams
- Local Housing Authorities
- Job Centre Plus and certain registered social landlords
- electronic monitoring providers.

Ownership of MAPPA cases will be by one of the responsible authorities.

Successful Case





Next Steps



- Action Plan
- Development of strategic oversight
- Development of Performance Management and Accountability



Questions?